LUISA GUIDOTTI HOSPITAL

Jan – Dec 2023 Highlights of Activities and of 2024 Operational Plan

Presented by: Dr Massimo Migani (Medical Superintendent)

04th February 2024

Luisa Guidotti Hospital historical background.

All Souls Mission, Mutoko was founded by the Jesuits in 1930. The mission is in a rural environment 25 Km from Mutoko Town (Chabvuta Village – Chiwore Ward).

The Dominican Sisters came to the Mission in 1932 and later opened a hospital.

In 1968 the hospital was entrusted to the AFMM (International Medical Association), Dr Maria Elena Pesaresi and Sr Caterina Savini were on the staff establishment. In 1969 Dr Luisa Guidotti came to replace Dr Pesaresi who went to serve another mission hospital in Zambia.

In 1976 the hospital was upgraded to the status of a "Mission Hospital" (Dr Luisa Guidotti – Medical Superintendent and Sr Caterina Savini – Matron)

In 1979 Dr Luisa Guidotti was killed by the security forces during the Independence war.

In 1982 Dr Maria Elena Pesaresi returned to All Souls and took charge of the Hospital.

In 1983 the Hospital was renamed "Luisa Guidotti Hospital".

Since 2014 Dr M. Migani has been appointed as the Medical Superintendent, with currently the Hospital Executive composed by him as the Medical Superintendent, Mrs I. Chipuriro as the Tutor in Charge of the School of Nursing and Midwifery, Mrs T. Dzagonga as the Hospital Matron and Mr P. L. Machipisa as the Hospital Administrator. At present the Hospital is a 101 registered beds Mission Hospital (the number of inpatients beds has been revised during COVID19 pandemic in 83 in-patient beds and 18 beds for waiting mothers - WMH), and comprises of the following departments:

Outpatient department, Pharmacy, Male Ward, Female Ward, Paediatric Ward, Maternity Ward (including Labour ward), TB Ward, COVID19 Isolation ward, Theatre block, Laboratory, O.I. Clinic (for patients living with HIV, treatment and follow up), Family and Child Health department, Rehabilitation Department, Dental Department, Eye Clinic, Waiting Mothers' Home.

There is also a School of Nursing and Midwifery accredited under Ministry of Health and Child Welfare.

Catchment population area.

Luisa Guidotti Hospital is acting as the first Health Facility for a direct catchment population area comprising 10.676 citizens. It is a referral centre for the surrounding rural clinics of Mutoko East and North and due to its geographical location (close to the boundary with Mudzi District) is a referral centre also for some clinics belonging to this District, for a total population (including direct catchment area) of 74.667 citizens (data from National Census 2012 and District profile 2023 with adaptation according to annual growth rate).

However especially for some services, the Hospital receives patients from further areas (including the capital city Harare and other Provinces).

CATCHMENT POPULATION 2023

CATCHMENT POPULATION	Ward 16 (LGH) – Part Ward 13	10.676
	(Lot)	
	Incl. Referral area	74.667
UNDER 1 YEAR	3.2%	346
CHILDREN 1 – 4 YEARS	12.7%	1.353
CHILDREN < 5 YEARS	15.9%	1.700
CHILDREN 5-14 YEARS	27.8%	2.970
15 YEARS +	56.3%	6.006
16-17 YEARS	4.3%	457
18 YEARS +	49.7%	5.303
ADOLESCENT GIRLS	15.2%	1.628
WOMEN POPULATION	52.6%	5.611
WOMEN OF CHILDBEARING AGE (15 – 49 AGE)	22.9%	2.445
EXPECTED PREGNANCIES	4%	427
EXPECTED BIRTHS	4%	427

Sources:

- MOHCC Catchment Population by Health Centre – Mutoko District Document 2023.

VISION/MISSION/CORE VALUES.

Centred on the example of the life of Jesus Christ, the hospital vision and mission are inspired by principles of Love and promotion of "development, wellbeing and common good".

In this view and in line with the Ministry of Health and Child Care vision and mission, the hospital aims to promote an integrated approach to public health interventions where "one-health" and "circular economy" concepts are pillars of the hospital strategic interventions.

VISION.

Luisa Guidotti hospital envisages a healthy and self-reliant community so that "they may have life and have it to the full" (John 10, 10)

MISSION.

Luisa Guidotti hospital is committed to promote high quality of health services, maximizing resources and working in a close bond with the community served, towards the promotion of preventive and sustainable community health programmes. This with an approach focused on principles of «one-health» and «circular economy».

CORE VALUES.

Faith, Hope, Love, Ethics, Integrity, Justice, Accountability, Creativity, Perseverance towards development.

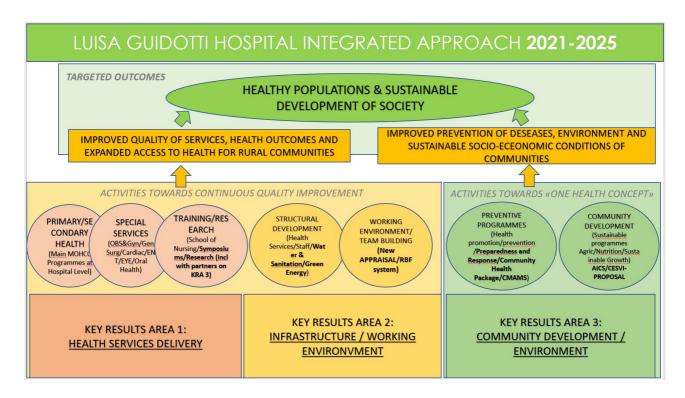
STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES AND PRIORITY AREAS OF ACTIVITY/PROGRAMMES.

In line with the MOHCC National Health Strategy and the Hospital strategy, we summarize 3 main Key results areas of intervention (1. Health Services delivery/Education, 2. Infrastructure/Working environment, 3. Community development/Environment) which include specific priority activities/programmes whose outcomes aim to improve: a) Quality of services, Health outcomes, Expanded access to Health; b) Community development, wellbeing of populations and prevention of diseases.

Priority areas of activity/programmes can be summarized as follows:

- 1. RMNCH (Reproductive Maternal Neonatal & Child health) KRA1
- 2. Clinical Management & Critical Care- KRA1
- 3. Surgical services KRA1
- 4. Infection Prevention and Control KRA1
- 5. O.I./EMTCT TB services KRA1
- 6. IMNCI/EPI KRA1
- 7. Pharmaceuticals KRA1
- 8. Laboratory Services KRA1
- 9. Training/Continuous education KRA1
- 10. Procurement/Store management/Logistics KRA1
- 11. Maintenance/Water supply/Structural development KRA2
- 12. Working Environment (Inc. Implementation of Leadership & Management development plan/Monitoring & Evaluation data collection towards Total quality management) KRA2
- 13. Waste Management/Environment KRA3
- 14. Community Programmes/Community development KRA3

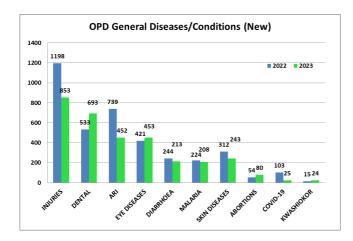
To promote quality improvement and an approach towards Total Quality Management, in line with the MOHCC quality improvement framework, the hospital has set a Quality Improvement Committee with the aim to coordinate quality improvement and quality control and has established Working Improvement Teams for each of the above Priority areas of intervention, of which a most of them have been activated at the end of July 2022. Activities have since been promoted through the QIC to assist and motivate WITs.



HIGHLIGTS OF ACTIVITIES / PROGRAMMES

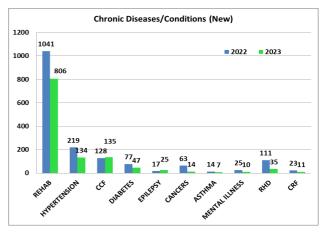
Service Delivery	Achieved 2022	Target 2023	Achieved 2023	Variance in % to target	Variance vs 2022
Total population	10676	10676	10676	-	-
Total number of inpatient beds	83	83	83	-	-
Total number of admissions inclusive maternity	1770	1600	2100	+31.3%	+18.6%
Total bed occupancy rate (%)	32.7%	35%	38.8%	+10.9%	+18.7%
Total institutional deliveries	620	700	762	+10.9%	+16.1%
Total deaths rate	45 (2.5%)	< 4.5%	3.0%	-33.4%	+20%
Maternal deaths	1	0	1	+1	-
Total number of new outpatient de- partment (OPD) visits	11565	15000	9427	-37.2%	-18.5%
Total number of new and repeat outpatient department (OPD) visits	23808	24000	22338	-7%	-6.2%
Operating theatre					
Number of caesarian sections	71	N/A	54	-	-
Caesarean section rate	11.7%	5-15%	7.1%	-	-29.3%
Number of major operations done excluding caesarian sections	26	N/A	15	-	-42.2%
Number of minor operations/procedures done	257	N/A	213	-	-17.1%
Number of table deaths	0	0	0		
Dental services					
Number of procedures performed	1144	1200	1240	+3.3%	+8.4%
Rehabilitation services					
Number of procedures performed	917	800	789	-1.4%	-14%
Ophthalmology services					
Number of conditions attended	421	400	453	+13.3%	+7.6%
Radiology services					
Number of clients who had X Ray done in the dept	2209	1800	1867	+3.7%	-15.5%
Number of clients who had Ultrasound Scan done in the dept	1405	1000	1736	+73.6%	+23.6%
Laboratory services					
Number of Laboratory tests done	18536	20000	20260	+1.3%	+9.3%

1. Inpatients and Outpatients services.



Comments

Data generally confirm the trend of increase in hospital general services in most of the areas above targets set at the highest pre-pandemic values (reference year 2019). There has been an increase in the bed occupancy rate compared to the same reporting period of 2022 (from 32.7% to 38.8%). The general rate of deliveries is in positive trend towards the highest ever registered by the hospital in 2019.



Of note also:

- a) one third of admissions being maternal services (36.3%) in similar proportion to 2022 but with a significant increase in bed occupancy (+18.7% compared with the previous year) which may explain the reason for
- b) an increase in the death rate, which remains still much lower than the threshold set (most of them chronic/terminally ill patients);
- c) there has been a decline in the OPD attendances for general conditions (not for dedicated services like Oral health and Eye health) compared to the previous year (-18.5% for new conditions and -6.2%% for general new and repeated visits) which is the only output significantly below target.
- d) majority of the conditions leading to OPD services are injuries and mostly NCDs; there is a trend in reduction of malaria cases among the infective diseases and also among chronic conditions the top 10 conditions are represented by NCDs.
- e) there has been a significant reduction of caesarean sections compared to the previous year, within acceptable range as per WHO parameters.

Radiology services have been in the target range but less than the previous year and this may be justified that now other hospitals in the districts are able to offer services therefore reducing the patients coming to LGH only for Xray investigation.

Finally, Medical Laboratory services were significantly increased, expressing improvement in diagnostic capacity and continuity of services.

2. RMNCH - Maternal & neonatal services/EMTCT/EPI/Child health.

Indicator	2022	2023
Number of pregnant women who book for first ANC visit before 16 weeks	137(34%)	126(29.6%)

Number of pregnant women who book for first ANC visit before 12 weeks - target(40%)	60(15%)	58(13.7%)
Proportion of births attended by a skilled birth attended - monthly target	100% (620)	100% (762)
Pregnant women receiving two or more Tetanus Toxoid (TT2+) vaccinations	403	425
Caesarean sections as a percentage of all live births (Caesarean section rate) - target (10%)	11.7% (71/607)	7.1% (54/758)
Total number of pregnant mothers who received iron and folic during current pregnancy	1611	1299
Number of maternal deaths	1 BID	1
High Risk Maternal cases referral out (Pregnant women at risk referred to from clinics)	57	67
Post Natal Care - Women with their new-born child receiving three postnatal care service after delivery (Day 1; Day 3; Day 7)	155	179
Proportion of pregnant women who have their BP, urine and blood samples (Hb, Syphilis, HIV) taken when they attend ANC – target	100%	100%
Maternal case fatality rate in health institutions	0%	0.13%
Number of perinatal deaths (rate)	15 (24.2:1000)	8 (10.5:1000)
Proportion of women having four or more ANC visits (ANC coverage at least four visits)	95% (592/620)	93.8% (715/762)
Number of maternal death audit meetings conducted – target (100%)	1 (100%)	1 (100%)

The increased trend compared to last year has been consistent throughout the current year with a relevant decrease in perinatal deaths (8 in 2023 vs 15 in 2022; perinatal deaths rates for 2023: 10.5:1000 vs 24.2:1000). Audits are regularly conducted. There is need to continue strengthening methodologies to prevent third delay while working on tackling the first delay at community level which may assist in organizing a more resilient system, to mitigate also the second delay with an inclusive involvement of the community. A Working Improvement Team has been working to date to improving service delivery in a continuous effort to promote positive outcomes; in particular strengthening of regular and periodic simulations have become part of the weekly work in the department and sharing experiences with midwives and doctors from Italy under the CMAMS programme have been promoted regularly. Activities to strengthen monitoring of mothers in labour to increase alertness and response to complications have been promoted systematically.

CMAMS PROGRAMME (Comprehensive Management Approach to Maternal Services to save maternal and neonatal lives in Zimbabwe).

In collaboration with the Provincial Medical Director of Mashonaland East and the GEO Group (Gruppo Gestione Emergenze Ostetriche – Italy; a group of specialists Obstetricians and Gynaecologists), Luisa Guidotti Hospital participated to draft of a pilot programme to reduce maternal and perinatal morbidity and mortality with a multilevel approach (from community health at village and primary level of health care to secondary – district level of care). The programme aims to tackle the three delays responsible for maternal and perinatal mortality through: promotion of knowledge and community direct participation to reproductive, maternal, neonatal and child health issues (including direct involvement of Community health workers for active screening and early detection at community level of pregnancy and neonatal disorders); improving referral system network in the rural set-up to reduce delays of transfers to next level of care; improving knowledge and competence of health care workers in the management of antenatal, labour and post-natal complications through a hands-on approach based on simulations with the use of advanced simulators.

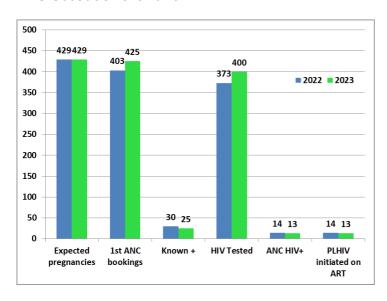
The positive achievements obtained with the programme in 2022 brought to the drafting of a programme for 2023 aimed to exchange practices with experienced Obstetricians and Midwives coming from centre of excellence and training institutions from Italy in a spirit of peer-to-peer review, on-job mentoring and mutual collaboration in coordination with the Provincial Medical Director.

The programme has been fully rolled out during 2023 as part of the integrated approach to improve maternal and neonatal outcomes and efforts will be put to support the very positive trends of results noted during the year 2023 (-56.6% of perinatal mortality achieved in 2023 vs the year 2022).

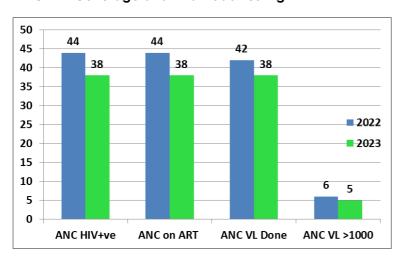
Data displayed need also to be evaluated taking into consideration the increase of transfers seen in 2023 when comparing with the previous year, with significance difference in maternity, mainly caused by the current absence of a Nurse Anaesthetist which reduced the possibility to manage emergencies particularly during weekends.

TRANSFERS	2022	2023	Variance %
MATERNITY	52	67	+22.4%
ADULT WARD	21	24	+12.5%
PEADIATRIC	17	14	-21.4%
OPD	19	30	+36.7%
NEONATAL (all transfers occurred after the first 7 days post-delivery)	6	9	+33.4%
TOTALS	115	144	+20.2%

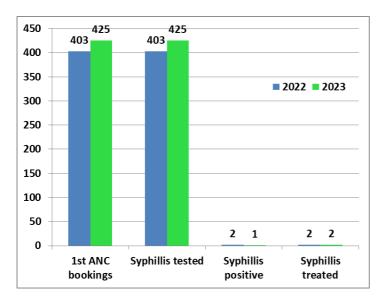
ANC Cascade 2023 vs 2022



ANC ART Coverage and Viral Load Testing



ANC Syphilis testing 2023 vs 2022



Comments

1 mother treated in 2023 as a contact after partner tested positive for syphilis. It has been possible to achieve 100% viral load testing for pregnant mothers leaving with HIV as facility can perform GeneXpert dedicated VL testing. 69 HIV exposed infants were delivered and 100% received post exposure prophylaxis. Of the patients who delivered under PMTCT programme at the institution, 1 child whose mother was a late booking and was initiated on ART, tested positive despite the prophylaxis. The institution will work during 2024 to strengthen community awareness to promote early bookings and discourage late bookings.

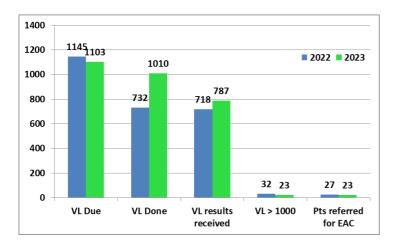
3. O.I./ART and Tuberculosis.

Indicators measuring efforts that contribute to the reduction of HIV morbidity and mortality			
Indicators	2022	2023	
Number of males and females tested for HIV and received their results	1972	1915	
Number of children and adults living with HIV continuing on ART	1145	1103	
Number of adults newly initiated on ART	68	73	
Total number of adults on ART (new and old cumulative)	1103	1029	
Number of children newly initiated on ART	2	2	
Total number of children on ART (new and old cumulative)	42	37	
Number of new STI cases	205	133	
Number of repeat STIs	32	3	

The relevant number of reduced Sexually transmitted Infections cases (STIs) need further evaluation if part of a behavioral change in the community embracing prevention methods or reduced active screening in case detection.

Viral Load Coverage

	2022	2023
Viral load tests done	732	1010
Results received	718	787
> 1000 copies/ml	32	23
Patients referred for EAC	27	23



During the year, despite difficulties to procure laboratory reagents (secondary to unavailability from Natpharm), it has been possible to generally maintain adequate levels of reagents for the various biochemistry tests to be performed. To ensure that all patients have at least 1 Viral Load and CD4 count tests the dedicated Working Improvement Team (WIT) is working on scaling up testing. From Q2 it has been agreed that VL test coverage will be measured against the cohort of patients booked on every month who are due for testing, to be able to track all patients who need tests and monitor them. This, to enhance coverage and tracking of potential defaulting patients. There is need to sustain positive achievement obtained so far (91.6% of patients due for test received collection of samples of which 77.9% - equal to 71.4% of overall due - received also results; in 2022 63.9% of due tests were collected and 98.1% of them - equal to 62.7% received results). There has been a marked improvement of samples collection (+ 27.7% vs 2022) although there is still need to pursue the target of at least 95%.

Since February 2017 the OI/ART programme is running with only one Primary Care Counsellor instead of two. There has not yet been a new deployment for the second, after one left service.

Of the 1103 patients currently on ART, there were: 75 new initiations, 84 transfers out, 14 transfers in, 6 deaths for 2023.

To reduce the mortality, morbidity and transmission of tuberculosis by 90%

Data element	2022	2023
Number of bacteriologically confirmed, drug resistant TB cases (RR-TB and/or MDR-TB) notified	0	0
Number of cases with drug resistant TB (RR-TB and/or MDR-TB) that began second-line treatment	0	0
Percentage of TB cases treatment success rate - all forms	98.3%	98.6%
Number of notified cases of all forms of TB - bacteriologically confirmed plus clinically diagnosed, new and relapses MT	71	73
Number of notified cases of all forms of TB- bacteriologically confirmed plus clinically diagnosed, new and relapses	71	73
Percentage of HIV- positive registered TB patients given ant-retroviral therapy during TB treatment	100%	100%
Number of cases with drug resistant TB (RRT-TB and/or MDR-TB) that began second line treatment MT	0	0
Number of all TB patients who defaulted treatment MT	0	0
Number of bacteriologically confirmed, drug resistant TB cases (RR-TB and /or MDR-TB) notified MT	0	0

1 death occurred during the reporting period. During a review done internally with the use of the RBF checklist as part of periodic activities of the Quality Improvement Committee, it has been noted the need to strengthen activities and feedback received about contact tracing, especially for those patients who are from out of the catchment area and for whom contact tracing is notified to other facilities.

4. Under 5 health indicators

Indicators	2022	2023
% of children who are fully immunized at 12 months (Primary course completed)	151 (63%)	140(58%)
Number of ARI cases treated	255	228
Number of facilities with at least one staff with IMNCI skills and attending to under 5-year children	1	1
Number of health facilities with functional cold chain requirements	1	1
Percentage of children aged 12 - 23 months who received BCG vaccine by their first birthday	100%	100%
Number of children received Penta 3	149 (48%)	185 (77%)
Percentage of children under 5 with pneumonia treated with appropriate antibiotics	100%	100%

Comments

Concerning the Expanded Immunization Programme, the institution participated to integrated campaigns within the community. Despite these activities there is still a too low coverage of vaccine administration besides BCG which is administered to all newborn with a supermarket approach. In an analysis done in 2022 by head count done by CHWs at community level it has been noticed that there are relevant discrepancies between expected demographic data and existing ones. Besides this and the fact that some children cannot be reached for religious reasons, there is still need to further work with the dedicated WIT to cover gaps and continuously analyze data to strengthen the program's impact.

Malaria indicators and epidemic prone disease surveillance

Indicators	2022	2023
Total number of suspected cases	2605 (CHWs-1564 60%)	1919 (CHWs-1124 (59%)
Number of suspected malaria cases tested by RDT or Slide	2605 (CHWs-1564 60%)	1919 (CHWs-1124 (59%)
Number of confirmed cases	224 (CHWs-162 72%)	208 (CHWs- 103 49.5%)
Number of children under 5yrs treated for Malaria	25 (CHWs-10)	24 (CHWs-15)
Number of women attending ANC given IPT2	267	196
Number of women attending ANC given IPT3	183	347
Total number of malaria cases admitted	55	92
Number of inpatient malaria deaths	1	3
Total number of malaria deaths	2 (1 BID)	3
Malaria case fatality rate	0.9 %	1.5%
Proportion of suspected malaria cases tested at public sector health facilities (microscopy or RDT) excludes community testing	(1041)100%	(795)100%
% of confirmed malaria cases that received recommended 1st-line ACTs at public health institutions (excludes community treatment)	(62)100%	(105)100%
Proportion of malaria deaths audited	100%	100%

Malaria incidence 2.1% (224/10676) 1.9% (208/10676)

Comments

49.5% of the malaria cases identified have been diagnosed and treated with first line treatment directly in the community by the CHWs. The programme is running very well for the direct catchment area and monthly meetings have been promoted with CHWs, to continuously strengthen community participation and coordination on health issues. Based on this success, the hospital is trying to expand intervention and preventive measures to improve health also in maternity, child health and NCDs community awareness. Of note, the reduction of proportion of cases diagnosed and treated in the community by CHWs has been caused by an increase of cases imported from out of the catchment area (Mudzi District in the areas of Makaha) and diagnosed at facility level. This area is also the one contributing to an increase of severe cases treated at the hospital compared to the previous year. Delays in presentation to facility have been associated with the causes of malaria deaths occurred. The hospital has started conducting malaria case investigations in areas of the direct catchment which are reporting decline of cases to try to enhance impact towards elimination of malaria.

5. Pharmaceutical services

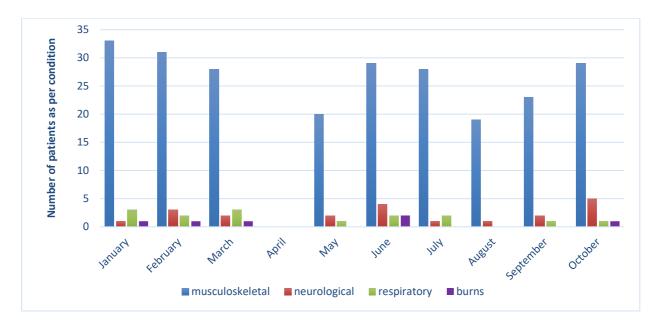
The hospital is facing challenges to guarantee adequate levels of medicines supply therefore is forced to procure privately medicines which on several occasions are provided free of charge to patients or below cost to support health programmes or special groups.

Medicine/pharmacy services		
Indicators	2022	2023
Average vital drug stock status(%)	57.8%	72.8%
Average essential drug stock status(%)	46.2%	63.1%
Average necessary drug stock status(%)	33.3%	40.5%
Number of blood units used	151	117
Oxygen availability(yes/no)	YES	YES

To maximize resources, cost recovery where possible while keeping costs for patients at the minimal possible for expanded access to medicines in the rural communities and accountability, the department has been fully computerized starting from the 1st July 2022. There has been a positive impact in ensuring stronger monitoring and cost-optimized availability of vital medicines despite a decline in the supply from Natpharm experienced in the current year compared to the previous.

6. Rehabilitation department

A mapping exercise of the direct catchment area was conducted and identified clients in the community who needed rehabilitative services as well as Palliative Care. Through activities, 16 patients who needed assistive devices ranging from wheelchairs, walking frames and crutches received devices. The department conducted more home visits and took part in outreach programs during the year 2023 and this helped in bridging the gap between the Hospital and the community by opening channels of communication and accessibility of services. The department was also tasked to be responsible for documenting and do follow ups on clients on Palliative Care when conducting home visits and outreach programs, however there is need to intensify integrated community activities to increase access to rehabilitative, palliative care and enhance community participation, with special regards to underprivileged patients.



Musculoskeletal conditions were the most attended at the department. The hospital will invest in renewing some equipment, as the existing is now obsolete and needs substitution and introduction of new devices to support service delivery.

7. INR monitoring Programme/ Cardiac programme

A programme to monitor locally the patients who, over the years underwent overseas to cardiothoracic surgery (for prosthetic valve replacement) and that now are in need of anticoagulant therapy, has been promoted since 2014 for coordinating specialists in Cardiology with our resident Doctors and Nurses in order to promote step by step increased Institutional capacity.

It is a programme based on the interconnection between the resident professional staff (Doctors and nurses) and the International Team of Surgeons and Cardiologists, via internet. Luisa Guidotti Hospital Laboratory and other centers in Harare are the site performing the INR tests, which are done free of any charge for the enrolled patients.

The decentralization of test for the patients from Harare, done through the distribution of point of care devices (specifically designed for patient self-testing worldwide) to clusters of patients, identified according to geographical distribution done in 2019, allowed to improve adherence to the programme despite the important challenges given by the economic crisis and strict lockdowns measures implemented for several months during the year.

At present 76 patients are enrolled under follow-up (54 Harare, 5 Bulawayo, 4 Kwekwe, 12 Luisa Guidotti Hospital, 1 currently in Italy for rehabilitation after surgery).

Patients "out of range" receive the correction of the dose within the same day the test is performed. There are important challenges concerning transport possibilities for the Mutoko group, which, despite help given to some patients with contributions for their bus fares, has been seriously affected by this.

Anticoagulant therapy is given free of charge to all the patients enrolled in the programme, as another measure to improve on patients' adherence to the treatment. Patients although are requested to come for tests, receive their treatment for 6 months of therapy. This on one side prevents lack of adherence to therapy even without coming for check-ups but on the other side may contribute to reduce motivation to come for the monthly INR tests.

During the year it has been possible to implement philanthropic cardiologic activities to assist cardiac patients and continue building capacity at institutional level in the clinical management. To date 6 children have been escorted and operated in Italy under the programme.

8. Other clinical activities.

Ophthalmic/Optometrist camps (July).

In collaboration with the Mash East Ophthalmic team, the Giovanni Spagnolli Centre (a mission clinic under the Archdiocese of Harare which has a fully equipped laboratory to produce corrective eyeglasses) and the support from AMOA – Italy, eye health activities have been promoted. An Eye surgical and Optometry camp has been promoted in July and in collaboration with the Provincial team of Mashonaland East 201 patients were screened and treated for eye conditions and 26 cataracts surgery were performed.

Oral Health Education/symposiums.

In February and October, the Oral Health Centre hosted three hands-on workshops for Dentists and Dental Therapists in collaboration with Ministry of health and Child Care, the Zimbabwe Dental Association and the Italian Society of Periodontology and Implantology to promote continuous professional education for professionals working in the public sector of the Mashonaland East Province, City health of Harare and members of the Zimbabwe Dental Association.

ENT Surgical Mission.

An ENT surgical mission was implemented in December to continue to try to expand access to specialist services for the rural communities and to build local capacity at institutional level in the various clinical areas for diagnosis and treatment. The mission was very successful characterized by 33 Surgical sessions: 17 general anaesthesia, 12 local anaesthesia, 4 local anaesthesia with intravenous sedation for a total of 43 hours of theatre operations.

9. School of Nursing.

Currently the school is training 58 Primary Care Nurses who completed their first year (one dropped out from training), and 4 Midwifery training students started in September. Of the 23 enrolled in the first group, 1 sadly deceased and all the remaining 22 passed their final examinations (100% pass rate).

The School during the year is involved in a Quality improvement programme aimed to increase linkage between the school and the clinical areas for educational development and clinical practice and supervision improvement and has a crucial role in the CMAMS programme, aimed to improve maternal and neonatal health and outcomes. The programme, developed in collaboration with the Provincial Medical Directorate of Mashonaland East Province and international specialists from GEO Group (Italy), includes a component concerning training of community health workers and continuous educational development of staff at hospital and clinic level. We have requested approval for implementation of a series of philanthropic missions with combined teams of Obstetricians and Midwives coming from high load Centres of excellence in Italy with the scope to share experience and provide on-job mentoring to institutional staff and training staff of the School of Midwifery. Ultimate goal is to translate as more as possible current evidence-based best practices, into the local context and the available resources. A combined group-study of teaching staff and clinical staff

has been established to drive implementation of activities, knowledge transfer and monitoring of educational activities promoted at the institution.

10. Quality improvement activities

As highlighted at page 4, the hospital is implementing a quality improvement programme in line with the QI framework for the MOHCC.

Terms of reference and almost monthly meetings for the Q1 2023 were promoted parallel to Heads of Department meetings to enhance implementation of quality improvement and quality monitoring activities at various level with priority to 6 of the 14 WITs identified and established:a. Clinical management and critical care, b. Maternal neonatal and child-care, c. OI/TB/EMTCT, d. Working environment, e. Education and f. Community programmes (for improved integrated services at community level).

Of note for 2023:

- a. The Quality Improvement Committee regularly met through the year and completed a first Kaizen with Quality Control Story exercise based on the tour of the hospital done with all Heads of departments during Q1 and feedback was given to Heads of Departments.
 - Activities promoted and in progress:
- 1. Quick Kaizen and 5S activities were promoted and monitored in various departments to improve and sustain organization at various level.
- 2. Admin/Procurement processes/Stores management/Fuel consumption; the implementation of 2022 KAIZEN exercise with QC story has been continued to improve efficiency of coordination, monitoring of processes and minimize waste, to maximize available resources. Of note: finance department was upgraded with the introduction of a Finance Manager and comprehensive financial reports and analysis is consistently done monthly against budget and trends; the procurement processes have been strengthened in terms of monitoring efficiency of turnaround time and there has been improvement; maintenance department has been reorganized and a new workshop has been established out of a 5S exercise with minimal expenses; now the department is working on mapping all equipment present and establish a service and maintenance plan. On-job training of personnel has been promoted through collaboration with volunteers (technicians and engineers).
- 3. Clinical management and Critical care; monitors, beds and ventilators donated by GOZ have been installed and strengthening of practices have been done. We aim to reorganize the adult wards to improve clinical management and monitoring of high care patients in the previous COVID-19 isolation ward now underutilized and reallocate the current adult wards to OPD services to improve patients' flow and ergonomics for both patients and staff (a development plan with bill of quantity will be completed before end of the year to engage potential funders for implementation).
- 4. OI/ART/TB/EMTCT; gaps in the monitoring of Viral load coverage were identified and countermeasures set, are producing results. There is need to improve monitoring of TB contact tracing.
- 5. Education and continuous professional development; an assessment need for continuous professional education has been done and both clinical meetings, audits and hands-on sessions/simulations has been conducted and documented, to improve clinical teams' coordination, knowledge and sustain knowledge transfer.

- 6. Working environment; reorganization of duty rosters to reduce as more as possible long shifts for clinical staff, optimize staff to patient's ratio and reduce locum costs have been implemented and revised managerial tools which have been designed to assist managers in planning and monitoring HRH allocation are under test (including a revised monthly roster for nursing staff). Teamwork monitoring tools have been tested as part of the Leadership and Management development plan to improve promotion and monitoring of team spirit and team collaboration. We aim to improve monitoring and evaluation tools in the new year to standardize and make structural to the organization a system of quarterly review of other key performance indicators (i.e. HR, Logistics and procurement, leadership/management and team spirit) for various departments towards total quality management.
- 7. Maternal neonatal and child-care; as mentioned above, a study-group has been established to investigate areas to improve maternal services (with special regards to labour ward, management of emergencies and protocols from ANC to post-natal).
- 8. Community programmes; some of the integrated community services planned in Q1 have been promoted during Q2 including some home-based and community-based rehabilitation services combined with palliative care has been set. Data collection tools to ensure monitoring & evaluation framework, have been completed during the Q2 for oral health community and tested. Under completion for rehabilitation and palliative care community services while the Rehabilitation Technician has started to provide house-based services and monitoring to improve assistance and support to disabled and underprivileged patients. Aim for the new year will be to revive the School Health Programme and to engage the community to expand dialogue and planning together to improve multi-sectorial and multi-stakeholders' collaboration and coordination.

11. Structural development.

During 2023, it has been possible to almost complete the new pharmacy store project supported by UNDP through MOHCC and a study to reorganize the adult wards and OPD area to improve service delivery and patients' flow has been completed. The project will be submitted to partners to analyze feasibility and available resources to plan for implementation.

The Water project has been completed in the major part during Q1 and now staff houses, and hospital have consistent supply of water. Under the same project it has been possible renovate some areas of the water line and to install security lights to improve working conditions and security of staff attending to water supply during the night as well as improve general security of the premises.



New tanks to equalize water supply through pressure pumps





Optimization of existing tanks after the installation of a new borehole with prolific water supply and connected 24/7 to the hospital generator through an overhead line.





The new borehole (protected water supply) installed and functional

12. Challenges.

1. MEDICINES (PROCUREMENT).

The cost of medicines continues to increase due to hyperinflation. The medicines received from Natpharm (the central distribution agency from Ministry of Health and Child care of Zimbabwe), are far from being able to cover the needs and the Hospital is forced to buy privately and to give to patients below costs. Donors (Marilena Pesaresi Foundation, Rimini 4 Mutoko, UTOPHA and Piccoli Grandi Cuori Association – Italy) are supporting part of the required budget, which is always on the increase due to the high costs of medicines and sundries and the increase also of debtors.

2. LABORATORY REAGENTS SHORTAGE.

An important part of Laboratory reagents are not all available at Natpharm and this causes high burden on financial resources (for the Hospital and the patients) as the Hospital is forced to buy them from the private sector in order to uphold good standards of services. At present, some of the tests offered at the Institution are available only in Harare.

3. **HOSPITAL REVENUE.**

The hyperinflation and reduced income caused by the fact that several patients have not adequate funds to cover required costs, has consequently increased the unbalance between income and expenditures and severely compromised long-term sustainability. The Hospital is looking forward to work with organizations which can assist to cover the emergencies but also to those who would like to partner for sustainable development projects at institutional and community level.

5. **FUEL CONSUMPTION.**

Secondary to the unstable national power supply, the hospital has been facing huge challenges in terms of fuel consumption for both vehicles (including free cost transfers to further level of care) and especially, to run hospital generators. Also, network coverage (telephone and internet) has been very unstable during the quarter, with sometimes affecting urgent communication during emergencies or to next level of care for peer-to-peer consultation. The hospital is trying to look for interested stakeholders to develop a project which could guarantee reduction in the use of generators by promoting long term sustainable alternative green energy with the use of new generation solar systems with batteries.

6. LACK OF CRITICAL QUALIFIED STAFF. / STAFF VACANCIES - DIASPORA

The challenges highlighted in the previous full year 2022 report, is persisting. The hospital received new staff deployed in October and November which alleviated staff shortage in some departments. However high staff turnover remains a challenge with the consequent threat of impact on maintaining current standards, team coordination and promoting knowledge transfer.

7. **NUTRITIONAL SERVICES.**

Despite efforts which led to improve budget allocation for hospital diet, on the staff establishment there is no dedicated staff for nutrition services (Hospital Food Services Supervisor). The hospital kitchen is quite improvised in terms of equipment and furniture. There is no Nutrition Garden as the hospital is not having enough water to dedicate to irrigation scheme and not enough staff (general hands) to work in the garden. As anticipated above, the Hospital is also looking at the possibility to work in partnership with organizations, to promote community nutrition projects, aimed to: improve nutrition and health, improve self-sustainability and community resilience, community development and empowerment with the "One Health approach" and working at different levels to improve community wellness and health.

LUISA GUIDOTTI MISSION HOSPITAL (ALL SOULS MISSION – MUTOKO):

2023 – 2024 OPERATIONAL PLAN(BASED ON MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND CHILD CARE NATIONAL HEALTH STRATEGY and LGH HEALTH STRATEGY 2021-2025)

KEY RESULT AREAS	1. Strategic focus areas (from National Development Strategy)	2. Service Delivery Platforms.	3.Enabling environment for service delivery
	Improved access to essential medicines and commodities.	Communicable Diseases	Multi-sectoral Partnerships
	Increased access to water, sanitation, and healthy environment	Non-Communicable diseases	Research and Development
	Improved health infrastructure and medical equipment for Health Service Delivery	RMNCH/Family Health/adolescents health	
	Improved governance of the Health Service	Public Health	
	Improved health sector human resources performance	Hospital Services	
	Increased domestic funding for health	Primary Care Services	
	Reduced morbidity and mortality due to communicable and non-communicable diseases		
	Improved reproductive, maternal, new-born child and adolescent health and nutrition		
	Improved public health surveillance and disaster preparedness and response		
	Improved primary, secondary, tertiary, quaternary, and quinary care (LGH strengthening referral/communication system, institutional services, and presence of dedicated specialist services for improved access to health for rural communities including the use of telemedicine)		

Strategies	Outputs	2019 Target /	2022	Target 2023	2024	ACTIVITIES
		(Achieved)	Target (achieved)	(Achieved 2023)	Target	
Improve vector control	1. No. coordination	12	12 (12)	12 (12)	12	Coordination monthly
and other epidemic	meetings with	(Achieved 12)				meetings with VHWs on
prone diseases	VHWs (monthly) 2. No. of weekly report					community health pro-
through community	of community activ-					grammes, preparedness
education and VHWs	ities from VHWs	50				for screening, active
mobilization		(Achieved 52)	52 (52)	52 (52)	52	screening on household
						premises to have good
						practise in disease surveil-
						lance and integrated
						community preventive
						programmes
Malaria cases correctly	4a. % of suspected ma-	100%/ (100%	100% (100%)	100% (100%)	100%	Coordination of commu-
managed	laria cases tested (RDTs	Achieved)				nity programme through
	& microscopy)					Village Health Workers
						(incl. monitoring & men-
						torship)
	4b. % of confirmed ma-	100% /(100%	100% (100%)	100% (100%)	100%	Coordination of commu-
	laria cases receiving first	Achieved)				nity programme through
	line treatment according					Village Health Workers
	to guidelines					(incl. Monitoring & men-
						torship)

Strategies	Outputs	2019 Target /	2022	Target 2023	Target 2024	ACTIVITIES
		(Achieved)	Target (Achieved)	(Achieved 2023)		
Appropriately man-	Reduced case fatality	<5%	< 3% (0%)	<2% (0.5%)	<2%	Case management according
aged diarrhoeal dis-	due to diarrhoeal dis-	(Achieved 0%)				to guidelines
eases	eases					
Enhanced disease	1. Presence of func-	100%	100%(100%)	100%(100%)	100%	EPR Plan ready for imple-
outbreak manage-	tional coordination	(Achieved 100%)				mentation
ment	mechanism					
	2.proportion of out-	100%	100% (100%)	100%(100%)	100%	Close collaboration with Dis-
	breaks detected within	(Achieved 100%)				trict, Provincial teams
	48hrs and controlled					(MOHCC), District Veterinary
	within two weeks					Department and Community
	(NON-COVID)					for enhanced response to
						outbreaks
	3. Preparedness and re-	N/A	Specific EPR planning &	Continuous revalua-	Continuous revaluation and ad-	Continuous monitoring for
	sponse to pandemic		Implementation com-	tion and adaptation	aptation to strengthen inte-	epidemic prone diseases -
	outbreaks (COVID19 in		pleted before detection	to strengthen inte-		community surveillance (Ac-
	the years 2020-2022)			grated preparedness		tive surveillance through

			of local outbreak	and response to	grated preparedness and re-	CHWs network)/Adequate
			(Achieved)	COVID19 pandemic	sponse to epidemic prone dis-	stocks of PPE/continuous
				and other epidemic	eases	support of IPC protocols at
			Review and adaptations	prone diseases		institutional level and com-
			during and after out-	(achieved)		munity level (training of
			breaks (Achieved)			CHWs) / adequate stocks of
						transport media/ disease
						surveillance electronic plat-
						form for easier contact trac-
						ing
Find TB early	Number of notified	53	53	75 (Achieved: 73	60	Ensuring availability of La-
through expanded	cases of all forms of TB	(54 Achieved;	(Achieved: 95 notified	initiated – 1 death		boratory and radiological
use of more sensi-	- bacteriologically con-	Treatment suc-	and initiated; Treatment	(32 treatment com-		services (Gene-Xpert, Mi-
tive TB diagnostic	firmed plus clinically di-	cess rate 98%	completed by	pleted; Transfer out		croscopy, Functional X-ray
tools and ensure	agnosed, new and re-	54 treatments in-	31/12/2020 85/87 suc-	-0; currently on		equipment)
universal access to	lapses	itiated: 1 death)	cess rate 98%	treatment 41 98.6%		
timely quality as-			2 death)	success rate)		
sured diagnosis						

Strategies	Outputs	2019 Target /	2022	Target 2023	Target 2024	ACTIVITIES
		(Achieved)	Target (Achieved)	(Achieved 2023)		
Voluntary counselling		2.100 (Achieved 1.775)	1.900 (1.972)	2000 (1915)	2000	Lobby for filling the va-
and testing						cant Primary Care

					Counsellor post (re-
					quested to the
					MOHCC); ONLY 1 PCC
					at present at the sta-
					tion
PMTCT	100%/ (100%	100% (100%)	100% (100%)	100%	Continuous education
	Achieved)				at community level
					during outreaches, fo-
					cused group discus-
					sions and trough VHWs
Post-exposure	100%	100% (100%)	100% (100%)	100%	
prophylaxis					

Strategies	Outputs	2019 Target /	2022	Target 2023	Target 2024	ACTIVITIES
		(Achieved)	Target(Achieved)	(Achieved 2023)		
Institution Capacity	Promotion of Quality	N/A	Full implementation of	Expansion of institu-	Continuous use of	Utilization of monitoring tools for
Building (clinical man-	improvement results-		quality programme for	tional RBF with indi-	standardized ap-	each department for internal su-
agement)	based programme for		improved supervi-	vidual targets for con-	proach and moni-	pervision and evaluation of ser-
	strengthening depart-		sion/monitoring and	tinuous professional	toring tools to en-	vices (monthly evaluation/plan-
	mental services, effi-		evaluation of various	education (including	sure M&E of clini-	ning of continuous improvement
	ciency and resource		department (achieved)	tutorials on job	cal activities, indi-	actions)
	utilization			done/simulations)	vidual develop-	Promotion of departmental peri-
					ment and out-	odic training sessions /drills with
					comes	individual records of attendance to
						lead continuous professional de-
						velopment and improve service
						delivery preparedness and re-
						sponse to emergencies

Ensure the hospital	Number of Laboratory	18.500	15.000 (18.536)	17.500 (20260)	18.000	Ensuring optimized procurement
platform provide the	examinations per-	(Achieved 18.447); in-				and regular equipment mainte-
required equipment	formed (comprehen-	troduced microbiol-				nance as per required standards;
	sive services)	ogy (achieved)				expansion of biochemistry labora-
						tory services, with the installation
		1.600	1800 (2209)	1900 (1867)	1.800	of new equipment and amplifica-
	Number of X-rays Per-	(Achieved 1.736)				tion of available tests
	formed					
						-Every pregnant mother to have at
		700	750 (1405)	1400 (1736)	1700	least 1 USS performed (Obs USS)
	Number of Ultrasound	(Achieved 890)				-Basic USS services for emergency/
	scans performed					basic diagnostic /procedures
						guided USS

Strategies	Outputs	2019 Target /	2022	Target 2023	Target 2024	ACTIVITIES
		(Achieved)	Target(Achieved)	(Achieved 2023)		
Establishment of Oral				Roll out of pilot.	Institutionalize	
Health Community				Community oral health	periodic sessions	Screening and oral health educa-
Screening Pro-				programme	quarterly with	tion at school level and clinic level.
gramme.				(School/Clinic) (pilot	m&e framework.	Basic level of preventive interven-
				outreaches with M&E		tions (fissures sealants application,
				framework test -		simple restorations and extractions
				achieved)		at clinic level)

Comprehensive Ser-	No. of procedures	1.300 (Achieved	1.100 (1.143)	1.000 (1240)	1.200	Service delivery at Oral Health
vice Delivery at Insti-	performed (Compre-	1.921)				Centre LGH
tutional	hensive services)					
Level						
			2 Oral Health symposi-	6 Oral Health Sympo-	3 Oral Health	
			ums (hands-on/live	siums (hands-on train-	Symposiums	
			surgery) promoted (1	ing courses) for BDS	(hands-on train-	
		At least 2 interns on	implemented – 2 orga-	Students - Dental In-	ing courses) for	Oral Health Continuous Education
		rotation under super-	nized ready for imple-	terns and Senior BDS	GDOs/DT in Mash	programme promoted at LGH in
		vision at LGH	mentation)	(achieved 3 for	East province	collaboration with PMD Mashona-
		(Achieved Supervision		GDOs/DT in Mash East	Public sector and	land East and Zimbabwe Dental
Promoting Continu-		of 4 interns)		province Public sector	ZiDA)	Association
ous professional de-				and ZiDA)		
velopment						
Strengthening Eye	No. of patients	N/A	N/A	400 (6499 screened	500	Integration of community health
health through inte-	screened.			and 305 referred to fa-		programmes for increased screen-
gration of pro-	(community health /			cility during integrated		ing and referral to facility for treat-
grammes within Pri-	school programme)			outreach days with		ment of eye conditions
mary health care				oral health)		
framework						
	No. of conditions at-	400 (354)	400(421)	600 (453)	600	
	tended.					

No. of cataract sur-					
gery performed	100 (105)	100 (35)	100 (26)	100	

Strategies	Outputs	2019 Target /	2022	Target 2023	Target 2024	ACTIVITIES
		(Achieved)	Target(Achieved)	(Achieved 2023)		
	Proportion of births at-	100%	100%	>700 (762)	> 750	In-house training (tutorials and
	tended by a skilled	(Achieved 854)	(> 700 deliveries)(620)			practical sessions with Tutor of
	birth attendant					School of Nursing and special-
						ists)
i) Strengthen capacity	Obstetrics course	Quarterly sessions	Quarterly sessions	Individual appraisal in-	Strengthen indi-	Promotion of course for the
of health workers in	(Training of trainers)	(practical on compli-	(practical on compli-	cluding targets of	vidual appraisal	Tutors and Senior staff on the
quality lifesaving skills	on the use of simula-	cated deliveries with	cated deliveries with	number of drills/simu-	including targets	use of simulators for upgrading
including EmONC	tors for School of nurs-	the use of simulators)	the use of simulators)	lations on dedicated	of number of	skills of management of Ob-
	ing and Clinical depart-	and drills on manage-	and drills on manage-	conditions	drills/simulations	stetrics emergencies and com-
	ments	ment of Obstetric	ment of Obstetric	(achieved)	on dedicated	plicated deliveries. Collabora-
		emergences for clinical	emergences for clinical		conditions	tion with local specialists and
	Quarterly sessions for	staff and students	staff and students;			GEO group (ITA) to improve
	health professionals	(Achieved)	Study groups on CTG			CEmONC, increase peer-to-

			interpretation and clin-			peer reviews and uphold stand-
			ical audits (achieved			ards to current national and in-
			75%)			ternational best practices (this
						activity will also include webi-
						nars and telemedicine)
	Strengthen of mater-			Mentorship and drills	Strengthening	
	nity and neonatal de-			on neonatal conditions	on-job mentor-	Promotion of in-house simula-
	partment with installa-		Shipment of new	and management of	ship and drills on	tion of complicated deliver-
	tion of new equipment		equipment (delivery	premature babies	neonatal condi-	ies/emergencies to improve
	for labour ward, post-		beds and other mate-	(achieved)	tions and man-	preparedness to manage ob-
	natal and neonatal	N/A	rial for maternity and		agement of	stetric complications.
	high care unit.		neonatal department)		premature ba-	
			(achieved)		bies	
						Continued training for efficient
						utilization of equipment in-
						stalled.
Strengthening mortal-	Perinatal mortality rate	22:1000 / (21:1000)	16 : 1000 / (24.2:1000)	20 : 1000 (10.5:1000)	15:1000	-Regular use Cardiotocography
ity surveillance and au-				FSB – 3		(CTG) for foetal monitoring
dit system				MSB – 1		during labour
Promoting robust pro-				ENND – 4		-Promotion of CTG study
gramme for continu-						group for enhanced manage-
ous professional devel-						ment and interpretation of CTG
opment and mentoring						monitoring for Midwives and
						Doctors

						- Promotion of audits and
						strengthening of mortality sur-
						veillance system
						-Promotion of monthly webi-
						nars with specialists for peer-
						to-peer review
						-Promotion of simulations
						weekly with clear objectives set
						for HCWs and students to up-
						hold skills
	C/S Rate	11% (achieved 12%)	15% (11.7%)	10-12% (7.2%)	10-12%	
ii) Implementation of	CMAMS proposal ap-	N/A	CHWs full implementa-	Exchange programme	Exchange pro-	Collaboration between LGH,
CMAMS (Comprehen-	proved and initiated		tion for at least pilot	for midwives and men-	gramme for mid-	PMD Mashonaland East, na-
sive Management of	(community and insti-		group; strengthening	tors with specialist	wives and men-	tional and international part-
Maternal Services for	tutional comprehen-		of referral system and	high level obstetric	tors with special-	ners towards innovative ap-
improved maternal and	sive programme for		training of HCWs of	centres	ist high level ob-	proach to maternal and neona-
perinatal outcomes)	maternal and neonatal		clinics (full CMAMS		stetric centres	tal health services focused on
	health)		programme implemen-			2020 WHO guidelines for intra-
			tation for pilot area)			partum care.
			(Achieved trainings of			
			HCWs – Nurses and			
			Doctors; CHWs partial			
			implementation-non			
			yet completed full re-			

tivities done in the	
community)	

Strategies	Outputs	2019 Target /	2022	Target 2023	Target 2024	ACTIVITIES
		(Achieved)	Target (Achieved)	(Achieved 2023)		
Procurement of medi-	% Availability of medi-	80% Vital (Achieved Vi-	80% Vital (57.8%)	65% (73%)	75%	Optimized procurement of
cines and commodities	cines and medical sup-	tal 80%)				medicines and commodities
	plies in all provinces					

Strategies	Outputs	2019 Target / (Achieved)	2022	Target 2023	Target 2024	ACTIVITIES
			Target(Achieved)	(Achieved Jan –		
				Sept)		
Encourage collabo-	Number of projects	CARDIAC (2 Missions Mar-	3 Cardiac missions(4)	cardiac missions	cardiac mis-	To expand health services and
rative projects with	conducted.	Nov) 300/450 achieved)	300 visits (300)	300 Visits (200)	sions	promote training through collab-
other institutions			8 heart surgeries (5)	6 heart surgeries (6)	300 Visits	oration with specialists and Insti-
and specialists					10 heart sur-	tutions :
	Number of cata-				geries	-Full cardiologic consultations
	ract surgeries per-					and patients referred and oper-
	formed.	OPHTHALMIC	2 Camps (1 camp to be pro-	3 Camps (150 cata-	Camps (100	ated (cardiac surgery to Italy and
		120/ (Achieved 2 missions,	moted in Dec)	ract surgeries) (1	cataract sur-	Sudan)
		109 surgeries performed)		camp)	geries)	
						-Eye Activities: daily eye clinic
		ENT / SURGICAL (1 ENT	Revaluation for 1 mission	1 mission (1)	2 missions	with Ophthalmic Nurses (1
		camp promoted with sur-	possibly to be implemented			trained, 1 under training); 2
		geries/General surgery col-	(1 camp in Nov)			camps for surgical removal of
		laboration; achieved)				cataracts/year
				2 missions	5 missions	
		OBSTETRICS&GYNAECOL-	(OBS/GYN missions 2 – 5	(OBS/GYN) mentor-	(OBS/GYN)	
		OGY Training of trainers in	sessions with specialist	ing programme with	mentoring	-collaboration with local and in-
		Obstetric emergencies with	promoted) (2 missions com-	on -job mentoring.	programme	ternational specialists to enhance
		use of advanced simulators;	bined for mentoring of resi-	(1 achieved)	with on -job	access to health for head and
		achieved May 2019)			mentoring.	

	dent team – no monthly col-	General Surgery ser-	General Sur-	neck conditions for rural commu-
USS Camp (Achieved Nov	laboration with specialist	vices (consultancy	gery services (1	nities. Promotion of at least 1
2019)	OBS)	programme)- (en-	consultancy	surgical camp/year to strengthen
		gagement for 2024	programme)	mentorship of resident Doctors
		completed)		and theatre staff in ENT/Anaes-
				thetics/Management of pa-
				tient' s post-surgery.
				-Collaboration with local and in-
	USS Camp (1 camp or live	1 USS Camp (0)	1 USS/internal	ternational specialists to upgrade
	virtual training) (achieved 1		medicine	abilities of managing complicated
	mentoring camp on bed		Camp	obstetric cases and related com-
	side / POCUS)			plications; to set basis to explore
				possibilities to start gynaecologic
				programme
				-To enhance quality of training of
				midwives at institutional level
				-To continue scaling up pf USS
				services at all levels of health ser-
				vices delivery to improve diag-
				nostics and maximize cost effec-
				tiveness

Strategies	Outputs	2019 Target /	2022	Target 2023	Target 2024	ACTIVITIES
		(Achieved)	Target(achieved)	(Achieved 2023)		
To improve energy	KW of solar energy	50 KW/h solar energy	Intervention postponed	Project proposal to be	Project proposal	Engagement of partners for
self-sustainability and	produced (total output)	produced (Nov 2019)	to 2023. (1 project ex-	to 2023. (1 project ex-		implementation of project
cost recovery			pert analysis with full	partners for implementa-	for funding to	proposal/study evaluation
			bill of quantity and im-	tion in 2024 (under com-	partners for im-	done in 2022 for "Off-grid"
			pact evaluation assess-	pletion).	plementation in	hospital to save energy costs
			ment done)		2024 (under	and reduce impact on envi-
	New central water tank	Adjustment of plan to			completion).	ronment by reducing the use
	stand for improved	new water tanks with				of generators.
	pressurized system at	booster pumps for				
To improve water	the institution and staff	residences (10.000ltrs)	Installation of 1 new	To complete project 2022		
supply	residences.		borehole and evaluation	for full utilization of new		
			of 2 nd for seasonal bore-	borehole (achieved)		-Installation of new water line
	Implementation of wa-	N/A	hole(based on capacity			for residences
	ter harvesting systems		test); installation of new			
	for irrigation and hos-		system to stabilize water			
	pital toilets		supply for residences			
			and hospital (achieved 1			
To maximize utiliza-			borehole and electricity			
tion of water from			supply line)			
boreholes						
		Installation of new			Proposal of pilot	
		equipment and lobby-			programme for	Collaboration with community
		ing for programme			improved solid	to set-up a pilot programme

	Installation of new	expansion (to improve	Follow-up on project	Proposal of pilot pro-	waste manage-	for sustainable community
	technology for solid	reduction of impact of	proposal and continu-	gramme for improved	ment and recycle	waste management and recy-
	Hospital solid waste	hospital activities on	ous lobbying for imple-	solid waste management	of waste.	cling
	management with re-	the environment	mentation (no grant re-	and recycle of waste. (not		
	duce impact on the en-	(Achieved)	ceived)	achieved)	Improve fluid	
To improve waste	vironment.				waste manage-	Improve maintenance of sep-
management					ment.	tic tanks, and management of
						potential risk from liquid
						waste (biological fluids)
		Renovation of theatre				
		block for improved				
		service delivery; new		Completion of project		
		equipment for initiali-		2022 (achieved)		
		zation of High care	(Improved Pharmacy		Lobbing for	
	New equipment	unit (Achieved)	area for increased store	New structural plan	OPD/Adults	
	shipped and installed.	OPD area renovations	capacity and dispensing	For improved workflow	ward structural	
		/ male Ward renova-	space)	of OPD/Adults ward	plan implemen-	
To improve structure		tions (Not planned)		(achieved)	tation	
of existing clinical ar-		(Achieved)				-To work in collaboration with
eas						partners for installation of
					Lobbing for sup-	digital CR to digitalize existing
	New anaesthetic ma-			Lobbing for support to	port to digitalize	Xray unit
	chine			digitalize Xray depart-	Xray depart-	
				ment (not achieved)	ment.	
		N/A				

						- Coordination of shipment of
			Achieved			donated equipment and in-
	Expansion of Institu-			N/A	N/A	stallation by specialized vol-
	tional Oxygen supply					unteer technicians
	ability					
		N/A				
			New equipment in-			Shipment, installation, and
		N/A	stalled from container			training of new equipment
			under shipment			
			(Achieved)	Lobbing for new equip-	Programme for	Collaboration with local tele-
	New equipment for Re-			ment for rehabilitation	new equipment	communication company for
	habilitation department				installation	improved and reliable internet
						services to allow live stream-
						ing of high-definition digital
Digitalization and tel-						images/video.
emedicine						

Digitalization of X-ray		Lobbying for	
imaging, health record-		new equipment	
ing system and cardi-		(Theatre, digital	
otocography		health)	

Strategies	Outputs	2019 Target /	2022	Target 2023	Target 2024	ACTIVITIES
		(Achieved)	Target(Achieved)	(Achieved 2023)		
Teaching programmes	No. of students	PCN Upskilling pro-	Advanced Midwifery	Advanced Midwifery	Advanced Mid-	-Training activities according
- School of nursing	trained.	gramme for 30 stu-	Training	Training	wifery Training	to National curricula
		dents with at > 85%	(8 students new intake	(8 students) (achieved	(8 students)	-Expanded programme with
		pass rate	2022)	8+4)		inclusion of CTG and basic ul-
	% of students pass	(32 students trained:			15 PCN students	trasound training for mid-
	rate	100% pass rate)	15 PCN students (79	20 PCN students (new in-		wives to enhance early detec-
			students in 2 groups)	take Jan 2024)		tion of risks of complications
		1 Research project (in				-Partnership with neighbour-
Promotion of continu-		progress)				ing District hospitals for field
ous educational devel-	No. of research pro-					attachment of students
opment and research	jects implemented.					
to enhance service de-						
livery and institutional						
development						
						-Partnership with MOHCC and
						different stakeholders for re-
			Collaboration with lo-		Internal and ex-	
			cal and international		ternal hands-on	

			educational scientific	Collaboration with local	sessions (institu-	search aimed to improve ser-
			groups for distance	and international educa-	tionalization of	vice delivery and living condi-
			learning live ses-	tional scientific groups for	continuous	tions of communities
			sions/webinars (tele-	distance learning live ses-	hands-on educa-	
			education pro-	sions/webinars (tele-edu-	tion programme)	
			grammes)(not com-	cation programmes)(not		
		33 staff members and	pleted)	completed – important		
	No. of hands-on ses-	8 students of mid-		challenges in network sta-		
s	sions for continuous	wifery trained in BLS	20 clinical staff	bility during the year)		-Partnership with MOHCC and
\mid ϵ	education for students		18 students (mid-			different stakeholders for e-
a	and clinical staff		wifery/PCN) trained in	20 clinical staff		learning continuous education
			BLS. (achieved)	67 students (mid-		programme aimed to improve
				wifery/PCN) trained in		access to most updated
				BLS. (clinical sessions		guidelines and best practice
			At least 25 sessions in	done)	At least 25 ses-	to be incorporated into train-
			management of ma-		sions docu-	ing programme activities
			ternal and neonatal		mented for CPD	
			emergencies with the	At least 25 sessions in	points	
			use of simulators	management of maternal		
			(achieved) and study	and neonatal emergencies		
			groups sessions on	with the use of simulators		
			CTG (not completed)	and study groups sessions		
				on CTG (in progress)		

Strategies	Outputs	2019 Target /	2022	Target 2023	Target2024	ACTIVITIES
		(Achieved)	Target (Achieved)	(Achieved 2023)		
To increase num-	No. of new staff	Finalization of staff	2 new blocks (4	N/A	N/A	-Utilization of local material and local re-
ber of staff prem-	premises built.	premises (new 4	flats) to be com-			liable contractors
ises to accommo-		flats for staff and	pleted (achieved 1			-Maximization of costs using local teams
date staff and fam-		family) / (Achieved	Dr's house tiled)			directly supervised and trained by resi-
ily members.		2020)				dent maintenance staff
			Renovations of			
			Mission house			
			(Doctor Luisa and			
			Marilena's House			
			– completed and			
			functional)			
			(achieved)			
	No. of revaluation			Cascading Leader-	Insitutionalization of	-Team building focused meeting/group
To monitor promo-	meetings/exercises	1 revaluation exer-		ship and manage-	M&E activities to	discussions
tion of team spirit	for review of team	cise on team spirit	Roll out to depart-	ment development	monitor progress and	-Use of anonymous tools for evaluating
and team leader-	spirit and team	and team leader-	ments with coordi-	plan at all levels at	performance of vari-	leadership of managers and Heads of
ship for Managers	leadership	ship (Achieved)	nation by Human	the institution (in-	ous departments effi-	Departments
and Heads of De-			resources office	cluding approach	ciency, teamwork and	-Work with consultants to imple-
partments (promo-			(achieved starting	based on emo-	promotion of Leader-	ment/improve activities towards soft
tion of approach			of Leadership and	tional intelligence	ship and manage-	skills development programme to pro-
			Management de-	concepts) (in pro-	ment at different lev-	mote conducive working environment
			velopment plan)	gress)	els at the institution	

based on emo-					(including monitoring	
tional intelligence					of processes and in-	
concepts)	N/A	N/A			dividual soft skills de-	
			Programme in col-	Resident account-	velopment plans	- Sessions in collaboration with specialist
			laboration with	ant (finance officer)	based on emotional	consultant (chartered of accounts) to
To strengthen fi-			specialist consult-	for improved fi-	intelligence concepts)	strengthen system and develop monitor-
nancial manage-			ant for optimization	nance system /		ing tools/checklists for improved moni-
ment and resource			of system efficiency	project tracking /		toring, auditing compliance and maximi-
mobilization			and auditing com-	finance analysis		zation of financial resource management
			pliance (achieved –	Preparation of a		- New full-time employment of finance
			new system inte-	Project manage-		officer (Certified accountant) for im-
			gration for phar-	ment office for pro-		proved finance system /project tracking
			macy and finance	ject lobbing, pro-		/finance analysis (resource maximization
			management)	ject design, imple-		- Preparation of basis for setting of mon-
				mentation and		itoring and evaluation team towards con-
				monitor and evalu-		cepts of total quality management (2024)
				ation		

Strategies	Outputs	2019 Target /	2022	Target 2023	Target 2024	ACTIVITIES
		(Achieved)	Target(Achieved)	(Achieved 2023)		
To improve	No. of projects of	To sign agreement	To continue lobbying	Project proposal for	Preparation for	- Engaging Village leaders for plan-
healthy lifestyle	sustainable organic	with stakeholders for	for implementation	community garden-	implementation	ning/promoting organic self-sustaina-
and enhanced sus-	nutrition imple-	at least 1 project im-	(grant not obtained)	ing (achieved – sub-	of community	ble community projects in agriculture
tainability	mented with the	plementation		mitted)	gardening/im-	and animal breeding
	community.	(presented project			proved stake-	- Advocacy for stakeholders to imple-
		proposal towards		Project proposal for	holders' en-	ment community projects in Con-
		"one Health" con-		pilot community	gagement and	servative agriculture and organic ani-
		cept)		waste management	collaboration	mal breeding
				and recycling	(multisectoral	- To engage stakeholders for promo-
					collaboration)	tion of job creation/opportunities
						from management of recycled domes-
					Project proposal	tic waste using Hospital existing solid
					for pilot commu-	waste sterilizer
					nity waste man-	
					agement and re-	
					cycling	

Conclusions – Future considerations for 2024

The year has been characterized by general positive trends of outcomes despite a reduction in the available resources from central level, the increase of general workloads and the financial challenges imposed by the cost of energy, transport and reduced financial capacity of patients.

Despite this, the hospital managed to cover free maternal services with improved outcomes in terms of perinatal mortality.

In summary for the next year (which it is anticipated to be still a volatile year due to the global situation and its impact also on the local situation), we aim to:

- 1. Expand our preventive programmes and the work with the community trying to improve multi-sectoral collaboration and coordination at local level, with regards to prevention and treatment of non-communicable disease (particularly: maternal&child health, oral health, eye health, palliative and rehabilitative services for underprivileged). At the same time, improving preparedness and responsiveness to epidemic prone disease through the same efficient collaboration with the community.
- 2. Expand specialist philanthropic programmes, to increase the number of specialists missions during the year for the improvement of access to specialist services for the rural communities.
- 3. Continue developing leadership and governance at all levels of the institution, to maximize evidence-based high-quality management at the various departments, optimize available resources and strengthen stewardship, as well as partnership and collaboration with stakeholders.
- 4. Promote structural development at the institution targeted to improve cost-saving and sustainability, with particular regards to energy costs (new solar plant project).

Presented by,

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(Medical Superintende

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